#### WOLFE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION And INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

Year Ended June 30, 2023

Denise M. Keene Certified Public Accountant P.O. Box 1444 Georgetown, Kentucky 40324 859-421-5062

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# DENISE M KEENE CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT P.O. BOX 1444 GEORGETOWN, KENTUCKY 40324 859-421-5062

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

State Committee For School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Campton, Kentucky

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wolfe County Board of Education as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board as of June 30, 2023 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Board and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Board's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control. Accordingly,
  no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Board's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 7 through 11 and budgetary comparison information on pages 61 and 62; the Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Pension Contributions on pages 63 and 64; the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of OPEB Contributions on pages 65 and 66, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required

supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combing and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As described in Note Y to the financial statements, the Board adopted new accounting guidance, *GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangement (SBITA).* The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users.. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 3, 2023 on our consideration of the Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Denise M. Keene

Denise M. Keene, CPA Georgetown, Kentucky October 3, 2023

### WOLFE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION CAMPTON, KENTUCKY

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

As management of the Wolfe County School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

The beginning cash balance, including activity funds, for the District was \$2,456,786. The ending cash balance, including activity funds, for the District was \$2,898,548.

A comparison of cash balances for 2023 and 2022 follows:

	2022	2023
General Fund	\$2,141,775	\$2,277,330
Special Revenue Fund	0	328,675
District Activity Fund	41,494	47,760
School Activity Funds	135,808	155,264
Capital Outlay Fund	1,880	2,297
Building Fund	12,802	13,682
Construction Fund	83,740	76,533
Debt Service Fund	727	727
Food Service	<u>38,560</u>	(3,720)
	\$2,456,786	\$2,898,548

The General Fund had \$13,772,787 in revenue, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK), property, utilities, and motor vehicle taxes. Excluding inter-fund transfer, there were \$14,221,129 in General Fund expenditures. This includes on-behalf payments.

The District filed a capital funds request and received KDE approval to use Capital Outlay funds and Building funds of \$288,975.

The District participated in the Community Eligibility Provision (CEP) program. CEP allows the District to serve breakfast and lunch at no cost to all enrolled students.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) district-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**District-wide financial statements.** The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the district is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The district-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt is also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The district-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 and 13 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The proprietary fund is food service operations. All other activities of the district are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-20 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21-59 of this report.

#### **DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$4.4 million as of June 30, 2023.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

#### Net position for the period ending June 30, 2023 and 2022

2023 District-wide net position compared to 2022 are as follows:

	Net Position (in thousands)								
	Governmental	В	usiness-type	rpe Total					
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u> 2022</u>	<u>2023</u>			
Assets	\$20,278	\$20,390	\$447	\$242	\$20,725	\$20,632			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$2,338	\$4,400	\$255	\$367	\$2,593	4,767			
Liabilities	\$14,893	\$17,497	\$863	\$978	\$15,756	18,475			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$3,120	\$2,862	\$241	\$200	\$3,361	3,062			
Investment in capital assets									
(net of debt)	\$9,976	\$10,011	\$160	\$145	\$10,136	10,156			
Restricted	456	471	(562)	(714)	(106)	(243)			
Unrestricted	<u>(5,829)</u>	<u>(6,051)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	(5,829)	<u>(6,051)</u>			
Total Net Position	\$4,603	\$4,431	(\$402)	(\$569)	\$4,201	\$3,862			

#### **Budgetary Implications**

In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1 - June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal operate on a different fiscal year, but are reflected in the district overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2 percent contingency. The district adopted a budget with \$441,054 in contingency, which is 3.9 percent.

#### **Comments on Budget Comparisons**

The original budget was amended to reflect changes in the site based allocations and anticipated revenues. The changes made were based on more accurate data being available after the first couple of months of the fiscal year.

**Changes in Net Position (in thousands)** 

	Governmental	В	usiness-type		Total	
Revenues	<u> 2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u> 2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u> 2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Local Revenue Sources	\$1,931	\$2,240	\$58	\$64	\$1,989	\$2,304
State Revenue Sources	12,869	14,637	210	242	13,079	14,879
Federal Revenue Sources	5,073	3,834	1,158	1,078	6,231	4,912
Investments	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>
Total Revenues	19,884	20,723	1,427	1,384	21,311	22,107
Expenses						
Instruction	11,955	13,216			11,955	13,216
Student Support Services	307	341			307	341
Instructional Support	106	118			106	118
District Administration	593	1,217			593	1,217
School Administration	1,131	1,236			1,131	1,236
Business Support	479	479			479	479
Plant Operations	2,202	2,267			2,202	2,267
Student Transportation	1,527	1,507			1,527	1,507
Community Support	244	300			244	300
Food Service			1,375	1,550	1,375	1,550
Debt Service	<u>193</u>	<u>214</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>193</u>	<u>214</u>
Total Expenses	18,737	20,895	1,375	1,550	20,112	22,445
Change in Net Position	1,147	(172)	52	(166)	1,199	(338)
Beginning Net Position	<u>3,456</u>	<u>4,603</u>	<u>(454)</u>	<u>(402)</u>	3,002	<u>4,201</u>
<b>Ending Net Position</b>	\$4,603	\$4,431	(\$402)	(\$568)	\$4,201	\$3,863

The government's overall financial position and results of operations decrease as a result of the year's operations as reflected in the decrease in net position for the year.

#### **INFRASTRUCTURE**

The District has not reported any infrastructure in the current financial statements.

#### Analysis of balances and transactions of individual funds (in thousands)

Fund	Beginning	Revenues	Expenses	Transfer	Ending
General Fund	\$2,447	\$13,774	\$14,221	\$225	\$2,225
Special Revenue	\$0	\$5,187	\$5,251	\$64	\$0
District Activity Fund	\$52	\$0	\$68	\$61	\$45
School Activity Fund	\$136	\$516	\$436	(\$61)	\$155
Capital Outlay	\$2	\$116	\$0	(\$116)	\$2
Building	\$13	\$590	\$0	(\$590)	\$13
Construction	\$84	\$1	\$8	\$0	\$77
Debt Service	\$1	\$539	\$955	\$416	\$1

#### Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt Activity (in thousands)

Governmental	Beginning	Additions	Deductions	Ending
Capital Assets	\$32,440	\$65	\$23	\$32,482
Accumulated Depreciation	\$15,515	\$833	\$23	\$16,325
Business-Type				
Capital Assets	\$609	\$0	\$0	\$609
Accumulated Depreciation	\$449	\$15	\$0	\$464
Bonds Payable	\$6,280	\$0	\$925	\$5,355
Capital Lease	\$688	\$0	\$148	\$540
Sick Leave Payable	\$338	\$108	\$92	\$354

#### **CURRENT ISSUES**

The District is concerned about the future of pensions for employees.

The District is concerned about future budget demands. There continue to be unfunded mandates from the state.

#### Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Board's finances and to reflect the Board's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions about this report or additional financial information should be directed to the Superintendent, Kenny Bell, or to the Finance Officer, Renee Lawson, 606-668-8002 or by mail at PO Box 160, Campton, KY 41301.

#### WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISTRICT WIDE As of June 30, 2023

As of June 30, 2023 ASSETS	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Cash and equivalents - Note C	\$2,902,268	\$0	\$2,902,268
Accounts receivable	1,331,507	77,078	1,408,585
Inventory	, ,	19,218	19,218
Capital assets			
Land and construction in progress	7,900		7,900
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	<u>16,148,616</u>	<u>145,259</u>	<u>16,293,875</u>
Total capital assets	<u>16,156,516</u>	<u>145,259</u>	<u>16,301,775</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	\$20,390,291	\$241,555	\$20,631,846
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows from pensions	\$1,636,519	\$242,641	\$1,879,160
Deferred outflows from OPEB	<u>2,763,526</u>	<u>124,626</u>	<u>2,888,152</u>
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$4,400,045	\$367,267	\$4,767,312
LIABILITIES			
Bank Overdraft	\$0	\$3,720	\$3,720
Accounts payable	403,303	33,314	436,617
Accrued salaries & benefits	(14,077)		(14,077)
Unearned revenue	1,325,200		1,325,200
Interest payable	41,264		41,264
Long-term Liabilities			
Due within 1 year	1,060,425		1,060,425
Due in more than 1 year	5,189,573	700 405	5,189,573
Pension liability	4,881,515	738,465	5,619,980
OPEB liability	4,609,340	202,007	4,811,347
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$17,496,543	\$977,506	\$18,474,049
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows from pensions	586,589	88,738	675,327
Deferred inflows from OPEB	<u>2,275,566</u>	<u>111,124</u>	<u>2,386,690</u>
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,862,155	199,862	3,062,017
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$10,011,235	\$145,259	\$10,156,494
Accrued sick leave	177,359		177,359
Food Service		59,262	59,262
SFCC	15,979		15,979
Other	200,695	(773,067)	(572,372)
Future Construction Projects	76,533		76,533
Debt Service	727		727
Unrestricted	<u>(6,050,890)</u>		<u>(6,050,890)</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$4,431,638	(\$568,546)	\$3,863,092

WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT	STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	T/WIDE
WOLFE COUNT	STATEMENT OF	DISTRICT WIDE

						126)		336)	184)	(060	34)	264)	147)	522)	0	(966	199)		585)	585)	784)
	tevenue and	Position		Total		(\$8,350,426)		(330,936)	(118,484	(1,217,090	(1,236,034	(479,264	(2,260,447	(1,502,522)		(78,996)	(15,574,199)		(166,585)	(166,585)	(\$15,740,784)
	Net (Expense) Revenue and	Changes in Net Position	Business-type	Activities		s													(166,585)	(166,585)	(\$166,585)
			Governmental	Activities		(\$8,350,426)		(330,936)	(118,484)	(1,217,090)	(1,236,034)	(479,264)	(2,260,447)	(1,502,522)	0	(78,996)	(15,574,199)				(\$15,574,199)
	nues	Capital	Grants and	Contributions												135,019	135,019				\$135,019
	Program Revenues	Operating	Grants and	Contributions		\$4,865,550		10,214					6,343	4,597	300,481	OI	5,187,185		1,320,106	1,320,106	\$6,507,291
	ō	Charges	for	Services															63,727	63,727	\$63,727
				Expenses		\$13,215,976		341,150	118,484	1,217,090	1,236,034	479,264	2,266,790	1,507,119	300,481	214,015	20,896,403		1,550,418	1,550,418	\$22,446,821
DISTRICT WIDE	For the year ended June 30, 2023		FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Governmental Activities	Instruction	Support services:	Student	Instruction staff	District administrative	School administrative	Business	Plant operation and maintenance	Student transportation	Community service activities	Interest on long-term debt	Total governmental activities	Business-type Activities	Food service	Total business-type activities	Total school district

	\$859,370	269,035	386,884	664,430	13,129,035	81,348	<u>12,250</u>	15,402,352	(171,847)	4,603,485	\$4,431,638
General Revenues	Property taxes	Motor Vehicle taxes	Utility taxes	Other local revenues	State aid-formula grants	Federal revenues	Investment earnings	Total general & special	Change in net positions	Net position - beginning	Net position - ending

\$859,370 269,035 386,884 664,430 13,129,035 81,348 12,765 15,402,867

(337,917) 4,201,009 \$3,863,092

(166,070) (402,476) (\$568,546)

515 515

#### WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of June 30, 2023

ASSETS	General Fund	Special Revenue	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,277,330	\$328,675	\$296,263	\$2,902,268
Other receivables	113,679	1,217,780	48	1.331.507
TOTAL ASSETS	\$2,391,009	\$1,546,455	\$296,311	\$4,233,775
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	179,671	221,255	\$2,377	403,303
Accrued Salaries & Benefits	(14,077)	,	, ,	(14,077)
Unearned revenue		1,325,200		1,325,200
TOTAL LIABILITIES	165,594	1,546,455	2,377	1,714,426
Fund Balances				
Restricted				
Sick Leave Payable	177,359			177,359
SFCC			15,979	15,979
Future Construction Projects BG-1			76,533	76,533
Debt Service			727	727
Other			200,695	200,695
Unassigned	<u>2,048,056</u>			<u>2,048,056</u>
Total fund balances	2,225,415	0	293,934	2,519,349
TOTAL LIABILITIES, AND				
FUND BALANCE	\$2,391,009	\$1,546,455	\$296,311	\$4,233,775

WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$2,519,349
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the	
statement of net position	16,156,516
Deferred outflow of resources	4,400,045
Deferred inflow of resources	(2,862,155)
Certain liabilities are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not due and payable, but they are presented in the statement of net position	
Bonds Payable	(5,355,000)
Capital Leases	(540,281)
Pension Liability	(4,881,515)
OPEB Liability	(4,609,340)
Accrued Interest on Bonds	(41,264)
Accumulated Sick Leave	(354,717)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$4,431,638

#### WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2023

For the year ended June 30, 2023				
			Other	Total
	General	Special	Governmental (	Governmental
Revenues	Fund	Revenue	Funds	Funds
From local sources				
Property taxes	\$711,077	\$	\$148,293	\$859,370
Motor vehicle taxes	269,035			269,035
Utility taxes	386,884			386,884
Earnings on investments	10,259	124	1,991	12,374
Other local revenues	146,255	61,354	516,974	724,583
Intergovernmental - State	12,167,929	1,372,712		14,636,766
Intergovernmental - Federal	81,348	3,752,995		3,834,343
Total revenues	13,772,787	5,187,185		20,723,355
	-, , -	-, - ,	,,	-, -,
Expenditures				
Instruction	7,593,173	4,914,986	503,878	13,012,037
Support services				
Student	329,912	10,214		340,126
Instruction staff	118,484			118,484
District administration	1,207,442			1,207,442
School administration	1,236,034			1,236,034
Business	479,264			479,264
Plant operation and maintenance	1,559,871	6,343		1,566,214
Student transportation	1,380,751	4,597		1,385,348
Community service activities	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	300,481		300,481
Facilities		14,076		21,976
Debt service	<u>316,198</u>	,0.	955,444	1,271,642
Total expenditures	14,221,129	5,250,697	_	20,939,048
Total oxpolitation	11,221,120	0,200,007	1,107,222	20,000,010
Excess(deficit)of revenues over expenditures	(448,342)	(63,512)	296,161	(215,693)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Equipment	1,201			1,201
Operating transfers in	288,975	63,512	477,370	829,857
Operating transfers in	(63,512)	03,312		(829,857)
Total other financing sources (uses)	226,664	63,512		1,201
Total other illiancing sources (uses)	220,004	03,312	(200,973)	1,201
Change in Fund Balance on Statement of				
Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes				
in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	(221,678)	0	7,186	(214,492)
	, ,			, , ,
Fund balance, July 1, 2022	<u>2,447,093</u>	<u>0</u>	286,748	<u>2,733,841</u>
Franchistan and James 00, 0000	<b>40.005.445</b>	*~	#000 00 t	<b>#0.540.040</b>
Fund balance, June 30, 2023	\$2,225,415	\$0	\$293,934	\$2,519,349

WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds			
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures statement because they use current financiare presented as assets in the statement of depreciated over their estimated economic is the amount by which capital outlays exceexpense for the year.	al resources, but they activities and lives. The difference		
	Depreciation Expense Capital Outlays	(833,019)	(769 520)
	Capital Outlays	<u>64,480</u>	(768,539)
Deferred outflows			2,061,915
Deferred inflows			258,210
Bond proceeds provide current financial reso governmental funds, but issuing debt increa liabilities in the statement of net position. Re principal is an expenditure in the government repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the position.	ises long-term epayment of bond ntal funds, but the		
•	yment of Bond Principal		925,000
Repay	ment of Capital Leases		148,143
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fu are limited to only those that use current fin expenses are recognized in the statement of are incurred.	ancial resources, but		
	ange in Accrued Interest		(15,516)
	ange in Pension Liability		(1,174,659)
C	hange in OPEB Liability Change in Sick Leave		(1,375,531) (16,378)
	Change in Clor Leave		<u>(10,570)</u>
Total Change in Net Position - Governmen	ntal Activities		(\$171,847)

#### WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS As of June 30, 2023

AS of June 30, 2023 ASSETS	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds Food Service <u>Fund</u>
Accounts Receivable	\$77,078
Inventory	19,218
Capital Assets, net of depreciation	<u>145,259</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	\$241,555
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows from pension	\$242,641
Deferred outflows from OPEB	<u>124,626</u>
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$367,267
LIABILITIES	
Overdraft Cash	\$3,720
Account payable	33,314
Net pension liability Unfunded OPEB liability	738,465
Offunded OPEB liability	<u>202,007</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$977,506
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows from pension	\$88,738
Deferred inflows from OPEB	<u>111,124</u>
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$199,862
NET POSITION  Net Investment in Capital Assets Restriced - Other Pension Restricted - Other OPEB Restricted Net Position	145,259 (584,562) (188,505) <u>59,262</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	(\$568,546)

#### WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds Food Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
Lunchroom sales	\$63,727
Total Operating Revenues	63,727
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries and wages	669,567
Contract services	37,474
Materials and supplies	828,402
Depreciation	<u>14,975</u>
Total Operating Expenses	1,550,418
Operating income (loss)	(1,486,691)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Federal grants	1,015,963
Commodities received	61,786
State grants	7,243
State on-behalf payments	235,114
Interest income	<u>515</u>
Non-operating revenues (expenses)	1,320,621
Net income (loss) before Capital Contributions	(166,070)
Increase (decrease) in Net Position	(166,070)
Net Position, July 1, 2022	(402,476)
Net Position, June 30, 2023	(\$568,546)

WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS

**Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds** For The Year Ended June 30, 2023 Food Service Fund

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Cash received from customers \$63,727 Cash paid to employees, including benefits (425,081)Cash paid to suppliers (860.150)Net cash provided by operating activities (1,221,504)

CASH FLOW FROM NONCAPITAL

FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Cash received from government funding 1,178,709

Net cash provided from capital and related

financing activities 1,178,709

CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Interest Income 515 Net cash provided from investing activities 515

Net increase (decrease) in cash (42,280)Cash and equivalents, July 1, 2022 38,560 Cash Overdraft 3,720 Cash and equivalents, June 30, 2023 \$0

Reconcilation of Operating income (loss) to Net Cash

Provided by Opeating Activities

Operating income (loss) (\$1,486,691)

Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash

provided by operating activities

Depreciation 14,975 On-behalf payments 235,114 Commodities used 61,786 Change in pension expense (52,414)(Increase) Decrease in inventory (4,022)Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable 9,748

Net cash provided by operating activities and

increase in cash and equivalents (\$1,221,504)

**Schedule of Non-Cash Financing Activities** 

Donated commodities \$61,786 On Behalf payments \$235,114

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### REPORTING ENTITY

The Wolfe County Board of Education (Board), a five member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Wolfe County School District (District). The Board receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards as Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The Board, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Wolfe County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the Board include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

Wolfe County School District Finance Corporation (the Corporation) – the Wolfe County Board of Education has established the Wolfe County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) as an agency of the Board for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board Members of the Wolfe County Board of Education also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

#### Basis of Presentation

District-Wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the Board that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The district-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the district-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The district-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in total net position. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

#### I. Governmental Fund Types

- (A) The General Fund (Fund 1) is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. This is a budgeted fund and any unrestricted fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- (B) The Special Revenue Fund (Fund 2, 21, and 25) accounts for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. Fund 2 is a major fund of the District.

- C. Capital Project Funds are used to account for and report financial resource that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.
  - 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund (Fund 310) receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the district's facility plan.
  - 2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) Fund (Fund 320) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the district's facility plan.
  - 3. The Construction Fund (Fund 360) includes Capital Projects Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction and/or renovations.

#### II. Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund (Fund 400) is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. Debt service funds are used to report resources if legally mandated. Financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years are reported in debt service funds.

#### III. Proprietary Funds (Enterprise Fund)

 The School Food Service Fund (Fund 51) is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). This is a major fund of the District.

#### IV. Fiduciary Fund Type (Agency and Private Purpose Trust Funds)

1. The Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments. The District does not currently have any Private Purpose Trust Funds.

#### V. Permanent Funds

Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs – that is, for the benefit of the government or its citizenry.

#### Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. District-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchanges and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when used is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### **Property Taxes**

<u>Property Tax Revenues</u> – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2023, to finance operations were \$.366 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.366 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.459 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the District, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

#### Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures

The Board intends that accounting practices follow state and federal laws and regulations and generally accepted accounting policies.

#### Nonspendable Fund Balance

Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact will be classified as Nonspendable Fund Balance.

#### Restricted Fund Balance

Fund Balance will be reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either; (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations or other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The Board will use restricted amounts before unrestricted amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available.

#### Committed Fund Balance

Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Education will be reported as committed fund balance.

#### Assigned Fund Balance

Amounts that have been assigned for a specific purpose by formal resolution of the Board of Education will be reported as assigned fund balance for a specific purpose.

#### **Unassigned Fund Balance**

Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the general fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classification could be used, the funds will first be spent from committed, then assigned, and then finally unassigned.

#### Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

#### Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

	Governmental Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	12 years
Furniture and fixtures	20 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other	10 years

#### Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "accumulated sick leave payable" in the general fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

#### **Budgetary Process**

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law.

Each budget is prepared and controlled by the treasurer at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

#### Inventories

On district-wide financial statements inventories are stated at cost and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements inventories are stated at cost. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased.

The food service fund uses the specific identification method and the general fund uses the first-in, first-out method.

#### Prepaid Assets

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2023, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. Prepaid assets are only recorded if material to the financial statements.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expenses, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB). For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and expense information about the fiduciary net position of the KPPA and TRS and additions to /deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by KPPA and TRS. The plans recognize benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit term.

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools and collections for services such as child care.

#### Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

#### Subsequent Events

The District has evaluated and considered the need to recognize or disclose subsequent events through October 3, 2023, which represents the date that these financial statements were available to be issued. Subsequent events past this date, as they pertain to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, have not been evaluated by the District.

#### Interfund Activity

Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### Uses of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with general accepted accounting principles of the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Encumbrances

Encumbrances are not liabilities and therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and outstanding encumbrances at year-end are reappropriated in the next year. Accordingly, no differences exist between actual results and the applicable budgetary data presented in the accompanying combined financial statements.

#### NOTE B - PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

Property taxes for fiscal year 2023 were levied on the assessed valuation of property located in the School District as of January 1, 2022 lien date. The due date and collection periods for all taxes exclusive of vehicle taxes are as follows:

Description per KRS 134.020

Due date for payment of taxes Upon receipt
Face value amount payment date December 31

Delinquent date, 5% penalty January 1- 31

Delinquent date, 10% penalty February 1

Vehicle taxes are collected by the County Clerk and are due and collected in the birth month of the vehicle's licensee.

#### NOTE C - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's total cash and cash equivalents was \$2,898,548. Of the total cash balance, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance, with the remainder covered by collateral agreements and collateral held by the pledging banks trust departments in the District's name. Cash equivalents are funds temporarily invested in securities with a maturity of 90 days or less.

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

	Bank	Book
	_ Balance	Balance
General Checking Account		
General Fund	\$	\$ 2,277,330
Fund 2		328,675
Fund 21		47,760
Fund 310		2,297
Fund 320		13,682
Fund 360		76,533
Fund 51		(3,720)
Total General Checking Account	3,175,878	2,742,557
School Activity Funds	155,264	155,264
Debt Service Funds	<u>727</u>	<u>727</u>
TOTALS	\$ 3,331,869	\$2,898,548
Breakdown per financial statements:		
Governmental Funds		\$ 2,902,268
Proprietary Funds		(3,720)
TOTALS		\$ 2,898,548

#### **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Interest rate risk. In accordance with the District's investment policy, interest rate risk is limited by investing in public funds with the highest rate of return with the maximum security of principal. Investments are undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure preservation of the capital in its portfolio.

Credit risk. The District's investment policy limits the types of authorized investment instruments to obligations of the United States, its agencies, and instrumentalities. In addition, certificates of deposit or bonds of a bank or the Commonwealth of Kentucky, securities issued by a state or local government or shares of mutual funds are acceptable investments.

Concentration of credit risk. The district may invest, at any one time, funds in any one of the above listed categories with no limitation of the total amount of funds invested on behalf of the District.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. For deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District maintains deposits with financial institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). As allowed by law the depository bank should pledge securities along with FDIC insurance at least equal to the amount on deposit at all times. As of June 30, 2023, the District's deposits are entirely insured and/or collateralized with securities held by the financial institutions on the District's behalf and the FDIC insurance.

#### **NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

·	Beginning	Additions	Retirements	Ending
Governmental Activities				
Land	615,620			615,620
Land & Land Improvements	246,884			246,884
Buildings and Improvements	26,385,194			26,385,194
Technology Equipment	1,759,065			1,759,065
Vehicles	3,017,230	56,580	22,815	3,050,995
General Equipment	416,220			416,220
Construction in Progress	<u>0</u>	<u>7,900</u>		<u>7,900</u>
Totals at historical cost	32,440,213	64,480	22,815	32,481,878
Accumulated Depreciation				
Land & Land Improvements	245,847	691		246,538
Buildings and Improvements	10,735,343	699,300		11,434,643
Technology Equipment	1,757,625			1,757,625
Vehicles	2,373,797	131,201	22,815	2,482,183
General Equipment	402,546	<u>1,827</u>		404,373
Total Accumulated Depreciation	15,515,158	833,019	22,815	16,325,362
Totals for Governmental	16,925,055	(768,539)	0	16,156,516
	Beginning	Additions	Retirements	Ending
Business type Activities				
Buildings and Improvements	144,632			144,632
Technology Equipment	8,132			8,132
General Equipment	<u>456,021</u>			<u>456,021</u>
Totals at historical cost	608,785	0		608,785
Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and Improvements	112,707	1,557		114,264
Technology Equipment	8,132			8,132
General Equipment	<u>327,712</u>	<u>13,418</u>		<u>341,130</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	448,551	14,975		463,526
Totals for Business	160,234	(14,975)		145,259

#### **NOTE D – CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)**

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the governmental activities as follows:

Instruction	\$ 0
Support Services	
Student	1,024
District Administration	9,648
Plant operations & maintenance	700,576
Student transportation	<u>121,771</u>
Total Depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$ 833,019

#### NOTE E - BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as lease obligations represents the District's future obligations to make lease payments relating to the bonds issued aggregating the original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized below:

Issue Date	Proceeds	Rates
2009	\$ 565,000	2.30% - 4.40%
2011	645,000	1.10% - 3.00%
2012R	6,640,000	1.00% - 2.25%
2015-1	2,990,000	2.25% - 3.375%
2015-2	2,275,000	1.25% - 3.75%

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes) and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions as of June 30, 2023.

The District entered into "participation agreements" with the School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

#### NOTE E - BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS (continued)

The following is a summary of the District's long-term debt transactions for the year ended.

	Beginning			Ending		
	Balance	Additions	Payments	Balance	Current	Long-Term
Bonds Capital	\$6,280,000		\$925,000	\$5,355,000	\$905,000	\$4,450,000
Lease	\$688,424		\$148,143	\$540,281	\$139,188	\$401,093
Sick Leave	<u>\$338,339</u>	<u>\$107,995</u>	<u>\$91,617</u>	<u>\$354,717</u>	<u>\$16,237</u>	<u>\$338,480</u>
Total	\$7,306,763	\$107,995	\$1,164,760	\$6,249,998	\$1,060,425	\$5,189,573

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2023, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

	Wolfe County Schools		SFCC Participation		
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2023-24	406,612	119,654	498,388	41,080	1,065,734
2024-25	206,053	109,630	78,947	29,318	423,948
2025-26	223,637	104,420	81,363	26,904	436,324
2026-27	235,960	98,091	84,040	24,227	442,318
2027-28	253,008	90,883	86,992	21,274	452,157
2028-29	264,950	83,124	90,050	18,215	456,339
2029-30	284,742	74,819	60,258	15,045	434,864
2030-31	297,748	65,830	62,252	13,052	438,882
2031-32	320,532	55,825	64,468	10,834	451,659
2032-33	338,235	45,168	66,765	8,538	458,706
2033-34	360,857	33,547	69,143	6,159	469,706
2034-35	383,301	20,724	71,699	3,605	479,329
2035-36	<u>404,720</u>	<u>7,026</u>	<u>60,280</u>	<u>1,130</u>	<u>473,156</u>
	3,980,355	908,741	1,374,645	219,381	6,483,122

#### **NOTE F - CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE**

The following is an analysis of the leased property under capital lease by class:

	Book value as of	
Classes of Property	June 30, 2023	
School Buses	\$ 568,811	

The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum lease payments under capital lease together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2023:

together with the present value of the net minimum.	case payments as or vario t	
Year Ending June 30,	Capital Lease Payable	
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
2024	\$ 139,188	
2025	112,053	
	•	
2026	81,335	
2027	67,474	
-	•	
2028	64,234	
Thereafter	127,908	
Total minimum lease payments	592,192	
Less: Amount representing interest	( <u>51,911</u> )	
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 540,281	

#### NOTE G - COMMITMENTS UNDER NONCAPITALIZED LEASES

Commitments under operating lease agreements for equipment provide the minimum future rental payments as of June 30, 2023, as follows: Year ending June 30,

\$ 52,306
34,463
12,593
11,445
0
<u>0</u>
\$ 110,807

#### **NOTE H - CONTINGENCIES**

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

#### **NOTE I – INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES**

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated which includes Workers' Compensation insurance.

#### NOTE J - ACCUMULATED UNPAID SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the district an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. At June 30, 2023, this amount totaled \$354,717 of which \$177,359 is restricted in the current year fund balance of the General Fund.

#### **NOTE K - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES**

Interfund balances at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following: Receivable Fund Payable Fund Amount

NONE

#### NOTE L - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District purchases various commercial insurance.

The District purchased unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### **NOTE M - DEFICIT OPERATING/FUND BALANCES**

Funds with a current year deficit of revenues over expenditures

General Fund \$ (221,678)
District Activity Fund \$ (6,408)
Construction Fund \$ (7.207)

#### **NOTE N - COBRA**

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss. The District notifies the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) when an employee is no longer employed. DEI sends the employee the COBRA requirements.

#### **NOTE O - TRANSFER OF FUNDS**

The following transfers were made during the year.

	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>		
<u>Type</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Operating	1	2	KETS Matching	\$24,350
Operating	1	2	Community Ed	22,963
			Save The	
Operating	1	2	Children	16,199
Operating	25	21	SWEEP	61,393
COFT	310	1	COFT	115,946
BFFT	320	1	BFFT	173,029
Debt Service	320	400	Bond Payment	415,977
			-	\$829,857

#### **NOTE P - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS**

The financial statements include payments made by the Commonwealth of Kentucky for insurance, flexible spending, vocational and retirement benefits. The following amounts are included in each of the functions.

\$ 1,776,541
2,787
22,260
88,550
(341,026)
2,847,715
97,311
<u>539,467</u>
\$ 5,033,605
\$ 4,259,024
539,467
235,114
\$ 5,033,605

## NOTE Q - RETIREMENT PLANS SUMMARY

NOTE Q - RETIREMENT FLANS SUMMAN	<b>\ I</b>		
	Government	Food Service	Total
Deferred Outflows			
Subsequent CERS Pension Contributions	482,007	67,989	549,996
CERS Pension	1,154,512	174,652	1,329,164
Subsequent CERS OPEB Contributions	69,829	9,850	79,679
CERS OPEB	758,709	114,776	873,485
TRS OPEB-MIF	1,753,000	0	1,753,000
TRS OPEB-LIF	0	0	0
Subsequent TRS OPEB Contributions	<u>181,988</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>181,988</u>
	4,400,045	367,267	4,767,312
Deferred Inflows			
CERS Pension	586,589	88,738	675,327
CERS OPEB	734,566	111,124	845,690
TRS OPEB-MIF	1,541,000	0	1,541,000
TRS OPEB-LIF	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
	2,862,155	199,862	3,062,017
Pension Liability			
CERS	4,881,515	738,465	5,619,980
0000			
OPEB Liability			
CERS	1,335,340	202,007	1,537,347
TRS-MIF	3,274,000	0	3,274,000
TRS-LIF	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
	4,609,340	202,007	4,811,347
Pension Expense			
CERS	628,916	95,141	724,057
OPEB Expense			
CERS	215,375	32,582	247,957
TRS-MIF	(87,000)	02,002	(87,000)
TRS-LIF	(07,000)	<u>0</u>	(0.,000)
11.0 2.11	128,375	32,582	160,957
Pension Contributions	0,0.0	0_,00_	.00,00.
CERS	425,365	64,348	489,713
	120,000	01,010	100,7 10
OPEB Contributions			
CERS	78,035	11,805	89,840
TRS-MIF	174,968		174,968
TRS-LIF	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
	253,003	11,805	264,808

## **NOTE R – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)**

### Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)

Plan Description – Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public education agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information">http://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information</a>.

Benefits Provided – For members who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1. Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2. Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Benefits Provided - For members who have established an account in a retirement system by the Commonwealth on or after July 1, 2008: (1) Attain age sixty (60) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or (2) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service, or (3) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete ten (10) years of Kentucky service.

For members prior to July 1, 2008 -Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university members with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New members (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New members after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of services, including the first ten years. In addition, members who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for members hired on or after that date.

For members after July 1, 2008 -The annual retirement allowance for non-university members is equal to (a) one and seven tenths percent (1.7%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less: (b) two percent (2.0%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) two and three tenths percent (2.3%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 20 years but no more than 26 years; (d) two and one half percent (2.5%) of financial average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 26 years but no more than 30 years; € three percent (3.0%) of financial average salary for years credited service greater than 30 years.

#### **NOTE R – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)**

### Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)

For members after January 1, 2022 – condition for retirement; attainment of age 57 and 10 years of service or attainment of age 65 and 5 years of service. The annual foundational benefit for non-university members is equal to service times a multiplier times final average salary, based on a table. The annual foundational benefit is reduced by 6% per year form the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 30 years of service. The annual supplemental benefit is equal to the account balance which includes member and employer contributions and interest credited annually on June 30. Options include annuitizing the balance or receiving the balance as a lump sum either at the time of retirement or at a later date.

"Final average salary" means the average of the five highest annual salaries which the member has received for service in a covered position and on which the member has made contributions or on which the public board, institution or agency has picked up he members contributions. For a member hired before January 1, 2022, who retires after attaining age 55 with 27 years of service, "final average salary" means the average of the three highest annual salaries.

Contributions - Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university members are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions of the amount 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative members whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

#### **Medical Insurance Plan**

*Plan description* - In addition to the pension benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Eligibility for access to retiree medical plan coverage: Members before 7/1/2008 – completion of 27 years of service, or attainment of age 55 and 5 years of service. Member on and after 7/1/2008 NS BEFORE 1/1/2022 – completion of 27 years of service, or attainment of age 55 and 10 years of service, or attainment of age 60 and 5 years of service. Members on and after 1/1/2022 – attainment of age 57 and 10 years of service or attainment of age 65 and 5 years of service.

#### **NOTE R – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)**

### Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)

Funding policy – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.00%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

#### Life Insurance Plan Benefits:

Effective July 1, 2000, the Teachers' Retirement System shall:

- (a) Provide a life insurance benefit in a minimum amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for its members who are retired for service or disability if hired prior to January 1, 2022. Provide a life insurance benefit in a minimum amount of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for its members who are retired for service or disability if hired on or after January 1, 2022. This life insurance benefit shall be payable upon the death of a member retired for service or disability to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member on a form prescribed by the retirement system; and
- (b) Provide a life insurance benefit in a minimum amount of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for its active contributing members if hired prior to January 1, 2022. Provide a life insurance benefit in a minimum amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for its active contributing members if hired on or after January 1, 2022. This life insurance benefit shall be payable upon the death of an active contributing member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member on a form prescribed by the retirement system.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the Kentucky School District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability because the State of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District

\$ 30,536,176

#### **NOTE R – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)**

#### Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2022, the State's proportion for the District was 0.1802 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the State recognized pension expense for the District of \$113,769 and revenue of \$2,786,155 for support provided by the State on the Fund financial statements.

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return 7.10%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation.

Projected salary increases 3.00 – 7.50%, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.37% Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.10%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the experience investigation for the five-year period ending June 30, 2020. In addition, the contribution requirements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 use a direct rate smoothing methodology over a five-year period. These revised assumption changes and methods were adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

#### **NOTE R – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)**

### Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)

The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
_	Target	Real Rates of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	37.4%	4.2%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	4.7%
Developed International Equity	16.5%	5.3%
<b>Emerging Markets Equity</b>	5.5%	5.4%
Fixed Income	15.0%	-0.1%
High Yield Bonds	2.0%	1.7%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	2.2%
Real Estate	7.0%	4.0%
Private Equity	7.0%	6.9%
Cash	2.0%	-0.3%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the TPL as of the Measurement Date was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the Employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### NOTE R - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

#### Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)

The following table presents the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the District of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(6.10%)	(7.10%)	(8.10%)
System's net pension liability	\$38,971,628	\$30,536,176	\$23,505,851

June 30, 2021 is the actuarial valuation date upon which the TPL is based. An expected TPL is determined as of June 30, 2022 using standard roll forward techniques. The roll-forward calculation adds the annual normal cost (also called the service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments, and refunds for the plan year and then applies the expected investment rate of return for the year. In addition, it has been determined an expected TPL as of June 30, 2022, based on the TPL roll-forward in the June 30, 2021 GASB 67 report. The difference between this amount and the roll-forward of the actual TPL before the assumption changes is reflected as an experience gain or loss for the year.

The District did not report any deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

The District did not have any collective amounts to report as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions to be recognized in future years as pension expense.

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

## **OPEB**

The Actuarially Determined Contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the indicated Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the schedule for the year ending June 30, 2022 for the Life Trust:

#### **NOTE R – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)**

### Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)

Valuation Date June 30, 2019
Actuarial cost method Entry age normal
Amortization method Level percent of payroll

Amortization period (Closed) 25 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed value

Inflation3.00%Real wage growth0.50%Wage Inflation3.50%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.50% - 7.20%

Discount Rate 7.50%

The Health Trust is not funded based on an actuarially determined contribution, but instead is funded based on statutorily determined amounts. The Schedule of Employer Contributions details the statutorily determined amounts for the Health Trust.

The Total OPEB Liability (TOL) as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using assumptions based on the experience investigation for the five-year period ending June 30, 2021. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	0.25%
Wage inflation	2.75%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.00% - 7.50%

Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including Inflation

Health Trust 7.10%
Life Trust 7.10%
Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.37%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Health Trust n/a
Life Trust n/a

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB Plan investment expense, including price

Inflation

Health Trust 7.10% Life Trust 7.10%

Health Trust Health Care Cost Trends

Ages 65 and Older

Under Age 65 7.00% for FYE 2022 decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 4.50% by FYE 2032 5.125% for FYE 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FYE 2025

Medicare Part B Premiums 6.97% for FYE 2022 with an ultimate

rate of 4.50% by 2034

#### **NOTE R – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)**

## Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the System, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2021, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2021 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on Health Trust and Life Trust investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The following exhibit presents the NOL of the Plan, calculated using the health care cost trend rates, as well as what the Plan's NOL would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate. This chart is not shown for the Life Insurance Fund (LIF) since there is no health care trend component of the liabilities:

	Health Care Cost Trend Rate Sensitivity		
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Health Net OPEB Liability	\$2,454,000	\$3,274,000	\$4,293,000
	Health Care NOL R	Rate Sensitivity	
	6.1%	7.1%	8.1%
Health Net OPEB Liability	\$4,107,000	\$3,274,000	\$2,583,000

Health Trust **Discount rate (SEIR)**: The discount rate used to measure the TOL at June 30, 2022 was 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust.

### **NOTE R – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)**

### Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)

#### Projected cash flows:

Health Trust discount rate (SEIR). The discount rate used to measure the TOL as of the Measurement Date was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%

The pre-65 retiree health care costs for members retired on or after July 1, 2010 were assumed to be paid by either the State or the retirees themselves.

As administrative expenses, other than the administrative fee of \$8.00 PMPM paid to KEHP by TRS, were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.

Cash flows occur mid-year.

Future contribution to the Health Trust were based upon the contribution rates defined in statute and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1)(c)3 and 161.550(5), when the Health Trust achieves a sufficient prefunded status, as determined by the retirement system's actuary, the following Health Trust statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended, or eliminated:

**Employee contributions** 

School District/University Contributions

State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30, 2010

To reflect these adjustments, open group projections were used and assumed an equal, pro rata reduction to the current statutory amounts in the years if/when the Health Trust is projected to achieve a Funded Ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions equal to the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), as determined by the prior year's valuation and in accordance with the Health Trust's funding policy. As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.675 (4)(b).

In developing the adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years, the following was assumed:

Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidies attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.

For the purposes of developing estimates for new entrants, active headcounts were assumed to remain flat for all future years.

Based on these assumptions, the Health Trust's FNP was not projected to be depleted.

### **NOTE R – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)**

### Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)

Life Trust Discount rate (SEIR). The discount rate used to measure the TOL as of the Measurement Date was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of the Life Trust's cash flows:

Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%

The employer will contribute the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) in accordance with the Life Trust's funding policy determined by a valuation performed on a date two years prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the ADC applies.

As administrative expenses were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.

Active employees do not contribute to the plan.

Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the Life Trust's FNP was not projected to be depleted.

The FNP projections are based upon the Health Trust's and the Life Trust's financial statuses on the Valuation Date, the indicated set of methods and assumptions, and the requirements of GASB 74. As such, the FNP projections are not reflective of the cash flows and asset accumulations that would occur on an ongoing basis, reflecting the impact of future members. Therefore, the results of these tests do not necessarily indicate whether or not the Health Trust and the Life Trust will actually run out of money, the financial condition of the Health Trust and Life Trust, or the Health Trust's and the Life Trust's ability to make benefit payments in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

#### **Health Insurance Trust**

		Long-Term Expected Real Rates of
Asset Class	<b>Target Allocation</b>	Return
Global Equity	58.00%	5.10%
Fixed Income	9.00%	-0.10%
Real Estate	6.50%	4.00%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.90%
Additional Category: High Yield	8.00%	1.70%
Other Additional Categories	9.00%	2.20%
Cash	<u>1.00%</u>	-0.30%
Total	100.00%	

## **NOTE R – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)**

#### Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)

#### Life Insurance Trust

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rates of Return
U.S. Equity	40.00%	4.40%
International Equity	23.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	18.00%	-0.10%
Real Estate	6.00%	4.00%
Private Equity	5.00%	6.90%
Additional Categories	6.00%	2.10%
Cash	2.00%	-0.30%
Total	100.00%	

The following is the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability:

District	State	Total
\$3,274,000	\$1,128,000	\$4,402,000

District's Proportion of the Collective NOL

	Current Year		Prior Year
Health		0.131865%	0.098845%
Life		0.000000%	0.000000%

There is no Life Insurance Trust OPEB Liability.

There were no changes between the measurement date of the collective net OPEB liability and the employer's reporting date.

Please see Section V of the report on the website for the development of the collective OPEB expense. The District's proportionate share of the net OPEB expense is \$(168,000).

Since certain items are amortized over closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts serve to reduce OPEB expense they are labeled deferred inflows. If they will increase OPEB expense they are labeled deferred outflows. The amortization of these amounts is accomplished on a level dollar basis, with no interest included in the deferred amounts. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions, if any, are amortized over the average remaining service life of the active and inactive system members at the beginning of the fiscal year. Investment gains and losses are amortized over a fixed five-year period.

## **NOTE R – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)**

## Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)

The table below provide a summary of the deferred inflows and outflows as of the Measurement Date. The allocation of deferred inflows and outflows will be determined by the System.

Health Insurance Trust	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	\$0	\$1,376,000
Change of Assumptions	665,000	0
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	174,000	0
Changes in Proportion and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	914,000	165,000
SUBTOTAL Subsequent Contributions TOTAL	\$1,753,000	\$1,541,000 \$1,541,000

There are no deferred outflows or inflows for the Life Insurance Trust.

The collective amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

# Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Fiscal Years Following the Reporting Date

	Deferred Outflows/	Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of
	(Inflows) of Resources	Resources
	Heath Insurance	Life Insurance
	Trust	Trust
Year 1	(\$115,000)	\$0
Year 2	(71,000)	0
Year 3	(23,000)	0
Year 4	186,000	0
Year 5	163,000	0
Thereafter	<u>72,000</u>	<u>0</u>
TOTAL	\$212,000	0
	40	

#### **NOTE R – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)**

### Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)

There are no non-employer contributions recognized for the support provided by non-employer contributing entities in TRS.

# KENTUCKY PUBLIC PENSIONS AUTHORITY County Employees Retirement System (CERS)

<u>Plan description</u>: Substantially all full-time classified employees of the District participate in the County Employees Retirement System ("CERS"). CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky General Assembly. The plan covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of each county and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA) Annual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Public Pensions Authority, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or at <a href="https://kyret.ky.gov">https://kyret.ky.gov</a>.

<u>Benefits provided</u>: Benefits under the plan will vary based on final compensation, years of service and other factors as fully described in the plan documents.

<u>Contributions</u>: Funding for CERS is provided by members who contribute 5% (6.00% for employees hired after September 1, 2008) of their salary through payroll deductions and by employers of members who contribute 23.40% of the member's salary. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.077899%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$724,057. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources for District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$79,679, deferred outflows of resources from change of assumptions and expectations of \$873,485, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments in the amount of \$675,327.

## **NOTE R – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)**

# KENTUCKY PUBLIC PENSIONS AUTHORITY County Employees Retirement System (CERS)

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Liability Experience	\$6,008	\$50,048
Assumption Changes	0	0
Investment Experience	764,711	620,635
Change in Proportion and differences between District		
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	<u>558,445</u>	<u>4,644</u>
Subtotal	1,329,164	675,327
District Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement		
Date	<u>549,996</u>	<u>0</u>
TOTAL	\$1,879,160	\$675,327

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$549,996 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to CERS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred			
	Outflows			
<u>Year</u>	(Inflows)			
2023	\$ 320,182			
2024	221,231			
2025	(47,227)			
2026	159,651			
2027	0			
thereafter	0			
	\$ 653,837			

# Actuarial Methods and Assumptions for Determining the Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability

The total pension liability for CERS was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

#### **NOTE R – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)**

# KENTUCKY PUBLIC PENSIONS AUTHORITY County Employees Retirement System (CERS)

Valuation Date June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level percent of pay

Amortization Period 30 year closed period at June 30, 2019

Gains/Losses incurring after 2019 will be amortized over separate closed 20-year amortization bases

Payroll Growth Rate 2.00% Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%,

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets

and the expected actuarial value of assets is

recognized

Mortality System-specific mortality table based on mortality

experience

from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from

MP-2014

mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019

Phase-In provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially

determined rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in

2018

The total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2022 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

There have been no actuarial assumption or method changes since June 30, 2021. Additionally, there have been no plan provision changes that would materially impact the total pension liability since June 30, 2021.

Senate Bill 249 passed during the 2021 legislative session and changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of the Total Pension Liability and only impacts the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2021. There were no other material plan provision changes.

Senate Bill 169 passed during the 2021 legislative session and increased the disability benefits for certain qualifying members who become "totally and permanently disabled" in the line of duty or as a result of a duty-related disability. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 is determined using these updated benefit provisions. There were no other material plan provision changes.

#### NOTE R - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

# KENTUCKY PUBLIC PENSIONS AUTHORITY County Employees Retirement System (CERS)

The mortality table used for active members was a Pub-2010 General Mortality table projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

<u>Discount Rate:</u> The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.25% for the CERS Non-hazardous assumed that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018) over the remaining 29 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.25% assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 8 (passed in 2021, over the remaining 29 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

#### Basis of Accounting

The underlying financial information used to prepare allocation schedules is based on KPPA's combining financial statements. KPPA's combining financial statements for all plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) that apply to governmental accounting for fiduciary funds.

#### Use of Estimates in Preparation of Schedules

The preparation of the schedules in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain amounts and disclosures. KPPA accrues employer contributions using estimates based on historical data. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The long-term expected return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the tables below. The current long term inflation assumption is 2.30% per annum for both the non-hazardous and hazardous system.

## **NOTE R – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)**

# KENTUCKY PUBLIC PENSIONS AUTHORITY County Employees Retirement System (CERS)

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Equity	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	4.45%
Private Equity	10.00%	10.15%
Fixed Income	20.00%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.28%
Specialty Credit/High-Yield	10.00%	2.28%
Cash	0.00%	-0.91%
Inflation Protected	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	3.67%
Real Return	13.00%	4.07%
Expected Real Return	100.00%	4.28%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		2.30%
Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio		6.58%

#### Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

The Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Pension Expense included in the Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer include only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer does not include deferred outflows/inflows of resources for changes in the employer's proportionate share of contributions or employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The net pension liability as of June 30, 2022, is based on the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation rolled forward. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five-year period.

#### **NOTE R – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)**

# KENTUCKY PUBLIC PENSIONS AUTHORITY County Employees Retirement System (CERS)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25%) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease	d	iscount rate	Increase
	 (5.25%)		(6.25%)	 (7.25%)
District's proportionate share of the				
net pension liability	\$ 7,024,277	\$	5,619,980	\$ 4,458,509

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position:</u> Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publicly available at <a href="https://kyret.ky.gov">https://kyret.ky.gov</a>.

<u>Payables to the pension plan:</u> At June 30, 2023 the District had payables to CERS in the amount of \$0 for June's covered payroll with contributions required to be paid in July.

#### OPEB

CERS Non-hazardous Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) plan for members that cover all regular full-time members. The plan provides for health insurance benefits to plan members. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

The net OPEB liability is the total OPEB liability, less the amount of the plan's fiduciary net position. The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information shown in this report are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year end, June 30, 2022, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

#### Discount Rate:

Single discount rate of 5.20% was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022. The single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.69% as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2022. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, the plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the retirement system. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer's subsidy was not included in the calculation of the plans actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be

### **NOTE R – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)**

# KENTUCKY PUBLIC PENSIONS AUTHORITY County Employees Retirement System (CERS)

paid out of the KRS' trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the ACFR.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding actual employer contributions made each future year. Future contributions are projected assuming that the entire actuarially determined employer contribution is received by each plan each future year, calculated in accordance with the current funding policy.

The District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2022 is \$1,537,347. The District's proportionate share is 0.077899%. The District's proportionate share of the OPEB expense is \$247,957. The total Deferred Outflows of Resources is \$873,485 and the total Deferred Inflows of Resources is \$845.690. Total employer contributions were \$89,840, implicit subsidy was \$55,427 for a total contribution of \$145,267.

	Discount Rate Sensitivity				
	1%	Current	1%		
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase		
	4.70%	5.70%	6.70%		
Net OPEB Liability	2,055,188	1,537,347	1,109,265		
	Haalthaara Coot	Trand Data Cancitivity			
		Trend Rate Sensitivity			
	1%	Current	1%		
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase		
Net OPEB Liability	1,142,984	1,537,347	2,010,904		

### NOTE R – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

# KENTUCKY PUBLIC PENSIONS AUTHORITY County Employees Retirement System (CERS)

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022.

Inflation 2.30% Payroll Growth Rate 2.00%

Salary Increases 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

Healthcare Trend Rates

Pre-65 Initial trend starting at 6.20% at January 1, 2024 and

gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a

period

Post-65 Initial trend starting at 9.00% in 2024, and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate or 4.05% over a

period of

13 years.

Mortality

Pre-retirement PUB-2010 General Mortality table, projected with the

ultimate

rates form the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale

using a base

year of 2010

Post-retirement (non-disabled)

experience from

System-specific mortality table based on mortality

2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rate from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019

Post-retirement (disabled)

forward for

PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-

both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate

rates from

the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base

year of

2010

Senate Bill 209 passed during the 2022 legislative session and increased the insurance dollar contribution for members hired on or after July 1, 2003, by \$5 for each year of service a member attains over certain thresholds, depending on a member's retirement eligibility requirement. This increase in the insurance dollar contribution does not increase by 1.5% annually and is only payable for non-Medicare retirees. Additionally, it is only payable when the member's applicable insurance fund is at least 90% funded. The increase is first payable January 1, 2023. Senate Bill 209 also allows members receiving the insurance dollar contribution to participate in a medical insurance reimbursement plan that would provide the reimbursement of premiums for health plans other than those administered by KPPA.

## **NOTE R – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)**

# KENTUCKY PUBLIC PENSIONS AUTHORITY County Employees Retirement System (CERS)

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, is determined using these updated benefit provisions. There were no other material plan provision changes.

#### **Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources**

The Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and OPEB Expense include only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The Schedule of OPEB Amounts does not include deferred outflows/inflows of resources for changes in the employer's proportionate share of contributions or employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, is based on the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation rolled forward. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are amortized over a closed five-year period.

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Liability Experience	\$154,747	\$352,549
Assumption Changes	243,142	200,348
Investment Experience	286,270	223,873
Change in Proportionate &		
Differences between Employer		
Contrib & Proportionate Share		
of Plan Contributions	<u>189,326</u>	<u>68,920</u>
Subtotal	873,485	845,690
Subsequent Contribution	<u>79,679</u>	<u>0</u>
TOTAL	\$953,164	\$845,690

The \$79,679 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30,2024.

The following is a summary of collective deferred outflows and Inflows of Resources arising from current and prior reporting periods.

## **NOTE R – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)**

# KENTUCKY PUBLIC PENSIONS AUTHORITY County Employees Retirement System (CERS)

Deferred Amounts to be recognized in Fiscal Years Ending

	Deferred Outflows/
	(Inflows) of
	Resources
	MIF
2023	\$ 11,930
2024	20,599
2025	(43,516)
2026	38,782
2027	0
thereafter	0
Total	\$27,795

#### **NOTE S - GASB 88**

The provisions of GASB 88 were adopted by the District for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022. The primary objective of the Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

The District has the following lines of credit:

Visa	\$ 12,000
Walmart Card	\$ 7.000

#### NOTE T - GASB 96

During the year, the District adopted *GASB 96, Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangement (SBITA).* The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users. The District has two subscriptions that are multiple year subscriptions. However, the amounts are not material to the financial statement, individually or in the aggregate. Therefore, no amount has been recorded.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE GENERAL FUND For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023				
				Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		Favorable
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES	<del></del>			-
Taxes	940,000	940,000	1,366,996	426,996
Other Local Sources	15,000	15,000	156,514	141,514
State Sources	10,325,274	10,325,274	12,167,929	1,842,655
Federal Sources	<u>15,000</u>	<u>15,000</u>	<u>81,348</u>	<u>66,348</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	11,295,274	11,295,274	13,772,787	2,477,513
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	7,169,986	7,279,170	7,593,173	(314,003)
Support Services	,,	, -, -	,,	(- ,,
Student	340,927	341,196	329,912	11,284
Instructional Staff	108,731	108,731	118,484	(9,753)
District Administration	1,031,311	617,665	1,207,442	(589,777)
School Administration	1,084,940	1,114,105	1,236,034	(121,929)
Business	346,885	346,885	479,264	(132,379)
Plant Operation and Maintenance	1,181,828	1,182,318	1,559,871	(377,553)
Student Transportation	1,172,233	1,234,471	1,380,751	(146,280)
Debt Services	316,197	316,199	316,198	1
Contingency	<u>0</u>	<u>441,054</u>		<u>441,054</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	12,753,038	12,981,794	14,221,129	(1,239,335)
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,457,764)	(1,686,520)	(448,342)	1,238,178
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of Equipment	0	0	1,201	1,201
Operating Transfers In	0	0	288,975	288,975
Operating Transfers Out	<u>(42,236)</u>	(63,480)	<u>(63,512)</u>	<u>(32)</u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(42,236)	(63,480)	226,664	290,144
Change in Fund Balance on Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes				
in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	(1,500,000)	(1,750,000)	(221,678)	1,528,322
Fund Balance, July 1, 2022	<u>1,500,000</u>	<u>1,750,000</u>	2,447,093	697,093
Fund Balance, June 30, 2023	\$0	\$0	\$2,225,415	\$2,225,415

# WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR SPECIAL REVENUE For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Tof the real Ended Julie 30, 2023	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
State Sources	\$1,178,602	\$1,772,987	\$1,372,712	(400,275)
Federal Sources	1,920,562	3,701,351	3,752,995	51,644
Local Sources	<u>80,000</u>	<u>94,803</u>	<u>61,478</u>	<u>(33,325)</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	3,179,164	5,569,141	5,187,185	(381,956)
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	2,749,307	3,974,970	4,914,986	(940,016)
Support Services	, ,,,,,,	-,- ,-	,- ,	(,,
Student	9,374	9,932	10,214	(282)
Student Transportation	•	1,185,000	4,597	1,180,403
Plant Operations & Maintenance		, ,	6,343	(6,343)
Community Service Operations	252,316	252,316	300,481	(48,165)
Building Improveents	210,403	210,403	14,076	196,327
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,221,400	5,632,621	5,250,697	381,924
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(42,236)	(63,480)	(63,512)	(32)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating Transfers In	42,236	63,480	63,512	32
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	42,236	63,480	63,512	32
Excesss (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	0	0	0	0
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	J	3	· ·	•
Restricted Fund Balance, July 1, 2022	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Restricted Fund Balance, June 30, 2023	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR The Year Ended June 30, 2023

2016 2015	\$0 \$0.420 420 \$2,225,227 ,420 \$2,225,227	%0000000% 20% 0.0000000%	,765 \$39,338,000	,000 \$5,999,250 ,000 \$1,682,282	0.00% 0.00% 135.74% 132.27%	42.49% 45.59% 59.97% 66.80%
	\$0 <u>\$2,994,420</u> \$2,994,420	0.000000%	\$47,462,765	\$6,608,000 \$2,206,000	₩	42.
2017	\$0 <u>\$3,551,837</u> \$3,551,837	0.000000% 0.072140%	\$58,036,152	\$11,715,920 \$1,210,486	0.00% 293.42%	35.22% 55.50%
2018	\$0 \$4,501,720 \$4,501,720	0.000000% 0.076909%	\$56,218,548	\$7,041,119 \$2,015,586	0.00% 223.35%	39.83% 53.30%
2019	\$0 \$4,307,673 \$4,307,673	0.000000%	\$25,680,348 \$24,981,015	\$6,695,579 \$1,901,969	0.00% 226.48%	59.28% 53.54%
2020	\$0 <u>\$4,645,185</u> \$4,645,185	0.000000%	\$25,680,348	\$6,735,389 \$1,668,140	0.00% 278.46%	58.76%
2021	\$0 <u>\$4,923,857</u> \$4,923,857	0.000000%	\$25,556,360	\$6,573,499 \$1,795,780	0.00%	58.27%
2022	\$0 <u>\$4,352,302</u> \$4,352,302	0.000000%	y (asset) \$30,536,176 \$23,788,589	\$6,998,424 \$1,796,780	0.00%	65.59%
2023	t) \$5,619,980 \$5,619,980	ility (asset) 0.000000% 0.077742%	ty (asset) \$30,536,176	\$7,851,652 \$1,915,821	oility (asset) 0 293.35%	tal 56.41% 52.42%
	District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) TRS KPPA Total	District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) 0.000000 TRS 0.077742	State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District TRS	District's covered employee payroll TRS KPPA	District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll TRS KPPA 293.35	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability TRS KPPA

WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	\$0 \$308,000 \$308,000	\; \; \; \; \; \; \; \;		399, 382, 381,	0.00%
	03,03	\$272,000 \$308,000 \$580,000		\$5,999,250 <u>\$1,682,282</u> \$7,681,532	
2016	\$0 \$497,488 \$497,488	\$409,663 \$497,488 \$907,151	0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9	\$6,608,000 \$2,206,000 \$8,814,000	0.00%
2017	\$0 <u>\$359,041</u> \$359,041	\$305,935 <u>\$359,041</u> \$664,976	0 \$ \$ \$ \$	\$11,715,920 \$3,066,997 \$14,782,917	0.00%
2018	\$0 <u>\$261,222</u> \$261,222	\$0 <u>\$261,222</u> \$261,222	0\$ 0\$	\$7,041,119 <u>\$2,015,586</u> \$9,056,705	0.00%
2019	\$0 <u>\$253,840</u> \$253,840	\$0 <u>\$253,840</u> \$253,840	0 \$ 9 8	\$6,695,579 \$1,901,969 \$8,597,548	0.00%
2020	\$0 \$270,226 \$270,226	\$0 <u>\$270,226</u> \$270,226	0 \$ \$ \$ \$	\$6,735,389 \$1,668,140 \$8,403,529	0.00% 16.20%
2021	\$0 <u>\$317,370</u> \$317,370	\$0 <u>\$317,370</u> \$317,370	0 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$6,573,499 \$1,795,780 \$8,369,279	0.00%
2022	\$0 <u>\$336,520</u> \$336,520	ntribution \$0 <u>\$336,520</u> \$336,520	0 \$ 8 \$	\$6,998,424 \$1,796,780 \$8,795,204	roll 0.00% 18.73%
2023	\$0 \$489,713 \$489,713	ally required co \$0 \$489 <u>,713</u> \$489,713	0\$ 0\$	\$7,851,652 \$1,915,821 \$9,767,473	ed employee pay 0 25.56%
	Contractually required contributions TRS KPPA Total	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution \$0 KPPA \$489,713 \$336,9 Total	Contribution deficiency (excess) TRS KPPA Total	District's covered employee payroll TRS KPPA Total	Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll TRS 0 KPPA 25.56%

## WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

District's n	District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Бізпіос з р	KPPA TRS - Medical Insurance TRS - Life Insurance	\$1,537,347 \$3,274,000 \$0	\$1,306,574 \$2,121,000 \$0	\$1,549,728 \$2,470,000 \$0		\$1,255,744 \$3,457,000 <u>\$0</u>	\$1,546,134 \$3,958,000 <u>\$0</u>
Total	THE LINE INCUITATION	\$4,811,347	\$3,427,574	\$4,019,728		\$4,712,744	\$5,504,134
District's p	proportionate share of the net OPEB liability						
	KPPA	0.077742%	0.068248%	0.064200%	0.066000%		0.076909%
	TRS - Medical Insurance	0.131865%	0.098845%	0.097856%	0.101506%		0.110991%
	TRS - Life Insurance	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%
	oportionate share of the net OPEB liability	(asset)					
associated	TRS - Medical Insurance	\$1,075,000	\$1,722,000	\$1,978,000	\$2,399,000	\$2,979,000	\$3,233,000
	TRS - Life Insurance	\$53,000	\$23,000	\$60,000	\$56,000	\$51,000	\$43,000
Total	The Life indurance	\$1,128,000	\$1,745,000	\$2,038,000	\$2,455,000		\$3,276,000
District's c	covered employee payroll						
	TRS	\$7,851,652	\$6,998,424	\$6,573,499	\$6,735,389	\$6,695,579	\$7,041,119
	KPPA	\$1,915,821	\$1,796,780	\$1,795,780	\$1,668,140	<u>\$1,901,969</u>	\$2,015,586
Total		\$9,767,473	\$8,795,204	\$8,369,279	\$8,403,529	\$8,597,548	\$9,056,705
	proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	y (asset)					
as a perce	entage of its covered payroll  KPPA	80.24%	72.72%	86.30%	66.58%	66.02%	76.71%
	TRS - Medical Insurance	41.70%	30.31%	37.58%	44.11%	51.63%	56.21%
	TRS - Life Insurance	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability							
	KPPA	60.95%	89.15%	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	52.40%
	TRS - Medical Insurance	47.75%	51.74%	39.05%	32.58%	25.54%	21.18%
	TRS - Life Insurance	73.97%	89.15%	71.57%	73.40%	74.97%	79.99%

## WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	
Contractu	ally required contributions KPPA TRS - Medical Insurance	\$89,840 \$174,968	\$82,997 \$175,450	\$78,274 \$172,820	\$87,632 \$176,749	\$97,379 \$117,468	\$98,273 \$190,158	
Total	TRS - Life Insurance	<u>\$0</u> \$264,808	<u>\$0</u> \$258,447	<u>\$0</u> \$251,094	<u>\$0</u> \$264,381	<u>\$0</u> \$214,847	<u>\$0</u> \$288,431	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution								
	KPPA TRS - Medical Insurance TRS - Life Insurance	\$89,840 \$174,968 \$0	\$82,997 \$175,450 \$0	\$78,274 \$172,820 \$0	\$87,632 \$176,749 \$0	\$97,379 \$117,468 \$0	\$98,273 \$190,158 \$0	
Total	The Life insurance	\$264,808	\$258,447	\$251,094	\$264,381	\$214,847	\$288,431	
Contribution deficiency (excess)								
	KPPA	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
	TRS - Medical Insurance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
<b>-</b>	TRS - Life Insurance	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u> \$0	
Total		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
District's o	covered employee payroll							
	TRS	\$7,851,652	\$6,998,424	\$6,573,499	\$6,735,389	\$6,695,579	\$7,041,119	
	KPPA	\$1,915,821	\$1,796,780	\$1,795,780	\$1,668,140	\$1,901,969	\$2,015,586	
Total		\$9,767,473	\$8,795,204	\$8,369,279	\$8,403,529	\$8,597,548	\$9,056,705	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll								
Jonandan	TRS	2.23%	2.50%	2.63%	2.62%	1.75%	2.70%	
	KPPA	4.69%	4.62%	4.36%	5.25%	5.12%	4.87%	

WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2023

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

#### **Contributions**

Contractually required employer contributions reported on the Schedule of Pension Contributions exclude the portion of contributions paid to KPPA but allocated to the insurance fund of the KPPA. The insurance contributions are reported on the Schedule of OPEB Contributions.

Contractually required employer contributions reported on the Schedule of Pension Contributions exclude the portion of contributions paid to TRS but allocated to the insurance fund of the TRS. The insurance contributions are reported on the Schedule of OPEB Contributions.

#### Payroll

The District's covered payroll reported on the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – KPPA and the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – KPPA Schedules is one year prior to the District's fiscal year payroll as reported on the Schedule of Contributions for KPPA Pension and KPPA OPEB.

The District's covered payroll reported on the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – TRS and the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – TRS Schedules are one year prior to the District's fiscal year payroll as reported on the Schedule of Contributions for TRS Pension and TRS OPEB.

#### **CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS**

#### June 30, 2023 - KPPA Pension and OPEB Nonhazardous

Pension – There have been no changes in actuarial assumptions or methods since June 30, 2021.

OPEB – The discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability increased since the prior year. There were no other material assumption changes.

#### June 30, 2022 - TRS Pension and OPEB

Health Trust and Life Trust

A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022. A description of the benefit provisions applicable to these members can be found in Schedule B of the State report.

#### June 30, 2021 - KPPA Pension Nonhazardous

There have been no actuarial assumption or method changes since June 30, 2020.

Senate Bill 169 passed during the 2021 legislative session and increased the disability benefits for certain qualifying members who become "totally and permanently disabled" in the line of duty or as a result of a duty-related disability.

#### June 30, 2021 – KPPA OPEB Nonhazardous

The single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability within the plan decreased from 5.34% to 5.05%.

The assumed increase in future health care costs, or trend assumption, was reviewed during the June 30, 2020 valuation process and updated to better reflect the plans' anticipated long-term healthcare cost increases. In general, the updated assumption is assuming higher future increased in healthcare costs.

## June 30, 2021 - TRS Pension

There have been no actuarial assumption or method changes since June 30, 2020.

#### June 30, 2021 - TRS OPEB

The following changes to assumptions were made during the year:

#### Health Trust and Life Trust

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the PUB2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives.

The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10%.

The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%.

The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

#### June 30, 2020 - KPPA Pension and KPPA OPEB Nonhazardous

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020 for OPEB:

The initial healthcare trend rate for per-65 was changed from 7% to 6.4%. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was changed from 5% to 2.90%, which increased to 6.30% in 2023.

## June 30, 2020 - TRS Pension and TRS OPEB

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, for TRS-OPEB-Medical Insurance Plan:

The assumed investment rate of return increased from 7.5% to 8.0%.

The following changes in assumptions are made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, for TRS OPEB-Life Insurance Plan:

The assumed projected salary increases decreased from a range of 3.50% - 7.45% to 3.50% - 7.20%. The assumed municipal bond index rate was decreased from 3.5% to 2.2%.

#### June 30, 2019 - KPPA Pension and KPPA OPEB Nonhazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, for both KPPA pension and KPPA OPEB: The assumed rate of salary increases was increased from 3.05% to 3.30% to 10.3% on average.

## June 30, 2019 -TRS Pension and TRS OPEB

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, for TRS pension:

The assumed municipal bond index rate was decreased from 3.89% to 3.50%.

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, for TRS OPEB-Medical Insurance Plan:

The assumed projected salary decreased from 4.0%-8.1%, including wage inflation, to 3.5%-7.2%, including wage inflation.

The assumed wage inflation dropped from 4.0% to 3.5%.

The assumed municipal bond index rate was decreased from 3.89% to 3.50%.

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, for TRS OPEB-Life Insurance Plan:

The assumed net investment rate of return decreased from 8.0% to 7.5%.

The assumed municipal bond index was decreased from 3.89% to 3.50%.

## June 30, 2018 - KPPA Pension and KPPA OPEB Nonhazardous

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2018 for either KPPA pension or KPPA OPEB.

#### June 30, 2018 -TRS Pension and TRS OPEB

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, for TRS pension and TRS OPEB:

For TRS Pension the assumed discount rate was increased from 4.49% to 7.50%.

For TRS OPEB-Medical Insurance Plan health care trend rates were updated.

With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP – participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP – participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

#### June 30, 2017 - KPPA Pension Nonhazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

The assumed rate of return was decreased from 7.50% to 6.25%.

The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.30%.

Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4% to 2%.

#### June 30, 2017 -TRS Pension

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2015 with projection scale BB, set forward two project years for males and one year for females rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2020 with scale AA.

## June 30, 2016 - KPPA Pension and KPPA OPEB Nonhazardous

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2016 for either KPPA pension or KPPA OPEB.

#### June 30, 2017 -TRS Pension

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2016, for TRS pension:

The assumed municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.82% to 3.01%, resulting in a change in the Single Equivalent Interest Rate from 4.88% to 4.20%.

## June 30, 2016 - TRS Pension

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation, the Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

## June 30, 2015 - KPPA Pension Nonhazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015:

The assumed rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.

The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%.

The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%.

Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.5% to 4.0%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).

For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used in the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females).

For Disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The assumed rates of retirement, withdrawal, and disability were updated to reflect experience more accurately.

#### June 30, 2015 -TRS Pension

In 2015, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%.

#### June 30, 2014 -KPPA Pension Nonhazardous and TRS Pension

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2014.

#### June 30, 2014 - TRS Pension

In 2017, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%.

### June 30, 2013 - KPPA Pension Nonhazardous

The assumed rate of return was 7.75%.

The assumed rate of inflation was 3.50%.

The assumed rate of wage inflation was 1.00%.

Payroll growth assumption was 4.5%.

Mortality rates were based on the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all retired members and beneficiaries as of June 30, 2006. The 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table was used for all other members.

#### WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of June 30, 2023

	District Activity Fund	School Activity Fund	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	Building Fund	Construction Fund	Debt Service	Total
ASSETS AND RESOURCES Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable	\$47,760	\$155,264 <u>48</u>	\$2,297	\$13,682	\$76,533	\$727 ———	\$296,263 <u>48</u>
TOTAL ASSETS AND RESOURCES	\$47,760	\$155,312	\$2,297	\$13,682	\$76,533	\$727	\$296,311
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$2,377 \$2,377						\$2,377
FUND BALANCES Restricted - SFCC Restricted - Future Construction Restricted - Debt Service Restricted - Other TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ <u>45,383</u> 45,383	\$ <u>155,312</u> 155,312	\$2,297	\$13,682	76,533	\$ 727 727	\$15,979 76,533 727 200,695 293,934
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$45,383	\$155,312	\$2,297	\$13,682	\$76,533	\$727	\$293,934

## WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES	District Activity Fund	School Activity Fund	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	Building Fund	Construction Fund	Debt Service	Total
From local sources Interest Student Activity Property Taxes	\$0	\$0 516,974	\$417	\$881 148,293	\$693	\$0	\$1,991 516,974 148,293
Intergovernmental-State			<u>115,946</u>	<u>440,712</u>		<u>539,467</u>	<u>1,096,125</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	0	516,974	116,363	589,886	693	539,467	1,763,383
EXPENDITURES Instruction Construction Debt Service	67,801	436,077			7,900	<u>955,444</u>	503,878 7,900 <u>955,444</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	67,801	436,077	0	0	7,900	955,444	1,467,222
Excess (deficit) revenues over expenditures	(67,801)	80,897	116,363	589,886	(7,207)	(415,977)	296,161
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	61,393	<u>(61,393)</u>	<u>(115,946)</u>	<u>(589,006)</u>		415,977	477,370 (766,345)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	61,393	(61,393)	(115,946)	(589,006)	0	415,977	(288,975)
Excess (deficit) revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses	(6,408)	19,504	417	880	(7,207)	0	7,186
Restricted Fund Balance, July 1, 2022	<u>51,791</u>	135,808	<u>1,880</u>	12,802	83,740	<u>727</u>	286,748
Restricted Fund Balance, June 30, 2023	\$45,383	\$155,312	\$2,297	\$13,682	\$76,533	\$727	\$293,934

### WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FUND 25 For The Year Ended June $30,\,2023$

	Cash Balances July 1, 2022	Receipts	Disbursements	Cash Balances June 30, 2023	Account Receivable (Payable)	Fund Balance June 30, 2023
Wolfe County High School	\$91,775	\$323,733	\$313,864	\$101,644	\$48	\$101,692
Wolfe County Middle School	\$15,397	\$56,939	\$56,415	\$15,921	\$0	\$15,921
Campton Elementary	\$15,177	\$98,999	\$91,334	\$22,842	\$0	\$22,842
Red River Valley Elementary	\$10,914	\$24,515	\$30,491	\$4,938	\$0	\$4,938
Rogers Elementary	<u>\$2,545</u>	\$12,740	<u>\$5,366</u>	\$9,919	\$0	<u>\$9,919</u>
TOTAL ACTIVITY FUNDS	\$135,808	\$516,926	\$497,470	\$155,264	\$48	\$155,312

### WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE WOLFE COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL For The Year Ended, June 20, 2022

For The	Year	Ended	June	30,	2023
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	Cash Balances				Cash Balances	Accounts Receivable	Fund Balance
	July 1, 2022	Receipts	Disbursements Tr	ransfers	June 30, 2023	(Payable)	June 30, 2023
General Fund	\$625	\$1,193	\$100	(\$1,193)	\$525	(,,	\$525
WCHS Sweep	0	<b>.</b> ,,	17,882	17,882	0		0
District Activity Fund	0	16,692	,552	(16,639)	53		53
Drama Club	128	405	533	(12,222)	0		0
Special Olympics	1,351				1,351		1,351
Teacher Account	-1,760	3,103	1,261		82		82
Flower Fund	0	165	.,_0.		165		165
Golf	1,456	156	1,455		157		157
Educators Rising Club	37	200	.,		237		237
Juniorette Club	396				396		396
Beta Club	18,154	80,974	64,964		34,164		34,164
FFA	17,700	23,619	28,158		13,161		13,161
FHA/FCCLA	3	4,736	4,445		294		294
WC E-Sports	2,334	120	442		2,012		2,012
Entreneur	0	1,504	392		1,112		1,112
FBLA/Business Dept	61	5,822	5,434		449		449
Band	186	291	477		0		0
TSA	674				674		674
Stem	59				59		59
Science Dept	601				601		601
Academic	373		308		65		65
Class of 2023	62	34,693	34,755		0		0
School Jackets	849	0 1,000	0 1,7 00		849		849
Cross Country	10				10		10
Track	0	628	446		182		182
Softball	3,156	14,156	15,939	(576)	797		797
Bass Fishing	898	,	,	(-:-)	898		898
Baseball	4,462	7,677	8,154		3,985		3,985
Archery	2,028	10,514	10,720		1,822		1,822
Cheerleaders	109	24,782	14,162		10,729		10,729
Boys Soccer	2,911	2,427	2,817		2,521		2,521
Volleyball	6,801	38,940	45,129	(333)	279		279
55th District Basketball	0	1,611	-,	(1,611)	0		0
All "A" Tournament	0	1,835		(1,835)	0		0
Unite Club	2,302	6,839	8,880	( , ,	261		261
Freshman Class	1	,	,		1		1
Start UP/Change Fund	0	400	400		0		0
Football	1,507	.00	.00		1,507		1,507
Boys Basketball	3,918	10,034	11,191	2,000	4,761		4,761
Girls Basketball	10,917	9,259	16,031	1,445	5,590		5,590
Athletic Concessions	3,418	10,517	7,470	910	7,375		7,375
Prom	3,458	7,596	7,559	0.10	3,495		3,495
Ballfield	215	7,000	7,000		215		215
Biology	0	50		(50)	0		0
Geer UP	0	1,600	1,648	(50)	(48)	48	
Pep Club	265	595	584		276	40	276
Yearbooks	2,110	600	2,128	<u>0</u>	582	0	
TOTAL	\$91,775	\$323,733	\$313,864	\$0	\$101,644	\$48	
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#### WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule

Federal Grantor/Passed-Through Grantor	Federal Assistance Listing	Pass Through Grantor's	Federal
Program or Cluster Title	<u>Number</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Commodities	10.555	Direct	61,786
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005	421,511
National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	10.555	7750002	541,570
National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	10.555	9980000	48,141
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,073,008
State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT)	40.040		0.405
Administrative Costs Grant	10.649	9990000	3,135
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	7700001	<u>1,606</u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			1,077,749
U.S. Department of Education  Passed through Kentucky Department of Education Improving America's School Act of 1994 Title I, Part A Cluster			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002	984,747
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			
Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	3810002	322,384
Special Education (IDEA-B LEA-ARP) COVID	84.027X	4910002	26,081
Special Education (IDEA-B Preschool LEA-ARP) COVID	84.173X	4900002	1,751
Special Education-Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool)	84.173	3800002	<u>17,315</u>
		subtotal	367,531
Title VI, Rural Education	84.358	3140002	27,413
Title IV, Part A			
State Support and Academic Enrichment Grant	84.424	3420002	98,925

#### WOLFECOUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Program or Cluster Title  U.S. Department of Education  Passed through Kentucky Department of Education	Federal Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	Pass Through <u>Number</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
Career & Technical Education	84.048	3710002	18,502
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	3230002	52,707
Twenty-First Centrury Community Learning Centers	84.287	3400002	116,162
COVID 19			
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	4200002	856,071
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund American Rescue Plan-Elementary and Secondary	84.425D	4200003	12,763
School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)  American Rescue Plan-Elementary and Secondary	84.425U	4300002	891,431
School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	4300005	1,521
American Rescue Plan-Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) American Rescue Plan-Elementary and Secondary	84.425U	4300006	8,840
School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	4300007	13,788
Passed Through KVEC	04 40511		47.040
Educational Cooperative ARP ESSER Deeper Learning	84.425U	not provided	<u>17,042</u> 1,801,456
Passed through Berea College			1,001,100
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for			
Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP)	84.334	not provided	<u>117,476</u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			3,584,919
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Passed through the Widlerness Education Project Apprenticeship Build America	17.285	not provided	66,975
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$4,729,643

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule

#### WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Wolfe County School District (the "District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

The District did not use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

Note 3 – Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities disbursed, totaling \$61,786.

# DENISE M. KEENE CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT P.O. BOX 1444 GEORGETOWN, KENTUCKY 40324 859-421-5062

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

State Committee For School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Wolfe County School District Campton, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, Audits of States and Local Governments, and Non-profit Organizations, and the audit requirement prescribed by the Kentucky Committee for School District Audits, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wolfe County Board of Education as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 3, 2023.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

I noted certain matters that I reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated October 3, 2023.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Denise M. Keene

Denise M. Keene, CPA Georgetown, Kentucky October 3, 2023

## DENISE M. KEENE CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT P.O. BOX 1444 GEORGETOWN, KENTUCKY 40324 859-421-5062

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

State Committee For School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Wolfe County School District Campton, Kentucky

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Wolfe County School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).* Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements, referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance

resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentation, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- a. Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- b. Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- c. Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Denise M. Keene

Denise M. Keene, CPA Georgetown, Kentucky October 3, 2023

#### WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

#### **Financial Statements**

An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements.

Internal control over financial reporting Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? Noncompliance material to financial statements no	yes X noyes X none reported oted? yes X no
Federal Awards	<del>_</del> , _
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not Considered to be material weakness(es)? An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance	yes X_ no yes X_ none reported  for all major programs
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to b	, , -
in accordance with 2CFR 200.516(a)?	yes _X_ no
Identification of major programs	
Federal Assistance Listing Number(s) 10.553, 10.555, 10.556, 10.559, 10.582 84.425C, 84.425D	Name of Federal Program or Cluster Child Nutrition Cluster Education Stabilization Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type	A and type B programs: \$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X yes _ no
Section II – Financial Statement Findings	
None	
Section III – Federal Award Findings and Question	ned Costs
None Reported	

#### WOLFE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### PRIOR YEAR - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None were reported last year

#### PRIOR YEAR - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None were reported last year.

MANAGEMENT LETTER

# DENISE M. KEENE CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT P.O. BOX 1444 GEORGETOWN, KENTUCKY 40324 859-421-5062

Wolfe County Board of Education Campton, Kentucky

We have audited the financial statements of the Wolfe County School District for the year ended June 30, 2023 and have issued our report thereon dated October 3, 2023. As part of our audit, we made a study and evaluation of the District's system of internal accounting control to the extent we considered necessary to evaluate the system as required by auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. The purpose of our study and evaluation was to determine the nature, timing and extent of the auditing procedures necessary for expressing an opinion on the District's financial statements. Our study and evaluation was more limited than would be necessary for expressing an opinion on the system of internal accounting control taken as a whole.

The management of the Wolfe County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal accounting control. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of control procedures. The objectives of a system are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Because of inherent limitations in any system of internal accounting control, errors, or irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with procedures may deteriorate.

Our study and evaluation made for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph would not necessarily disclose all material weaknesses in the system of internal accounting control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the system of internal accounting control of the Wolfe County School District taken as a whole. Our study and evaluation disclosed no condition that we believe to be a material weakness.

The following of last year's management letter points were corrected during the current fiscal year as outlined in the District's response: 2023-002, 2022-003, 2022-004, 2022-007, 2022-008, 2022-009, 2022-010, 2022-011, 2022-012, 2022-013, 2022-014, 2022-015, 2022-016, 2022-017, 2022-018, 2022-2020.

The following of last year's management letter points were not corrected during the current fiscal - year: 2022-001, 2022-005, 2022-006, 2022-019, 2022-021.

Denise W. Keene, CPA October 3, 2023

#### **CURRENT YEAR MANAGEMENT POINTS**

#### 2023-001

Testing disclosed one Teacher's Retirement Report was not paid timely for one (1) report. The District should monitor reports to assure filing timely and payment. **This is a repeat finding from last year (2022-001).** 

#### Management's Response:

Report was filed by due date however, a discrepancy in the amount due was not submitted until the later date. District will ensure that all reports are submitted by the date due.

#### 2023-002

KRS 65.944, "All leases in excess of \$100,000 must be reviewed by KDE's Division of District Support and approved by the Commissioner of Education." The District had a new copier lease during the fiscal year 2019-2020 that exceeded \$100,000. The District should contact KDE for approval for this lease. **This is a repeat from the last two years (2022-006)** 

#### Management's Response:

District will contact KDE for guidance how to correct issue with lease.

#### 2023-003

One of the four quarterly CDIP reports was filed late. The finance officer should monitor due dates to assure all reports are filed timely. **This is a repeat from last year (2022-007)** 

#### Management's Response:

Report was one day late. District will ensure that all reports are submitted by the date due.

#### 2023-004

Testing disclosed employees are not completing their travel expense vouchers in their entirety. The purpose of the travel was not completed on three of the travel expense vouchers tested. I recommend the travel expense vouchers not be approved until completed properly.

#### Management's Response:

Staff will be reminded to complete their travel expense vouchers in their entirety before submitting.

#### 2023--005

Form 1099 was not issued for some individuals paid more than \$600 from the school activity accounts. I recommend a review of activity payments be reviewed for potential Form 1099 payments.

#### Management's Response:

District will review all school activity accounts to ensure all individuals paid more than \$600 are given the appropriate tax forms.

#### 2023-006

Food service purchased some items locally that were on a bid list for less cost. If any of these items are purchased locally because it is not available from the bid vendor, then it needs to be noted on the purchase order. I recommend the schools plan ahead so that items can be purchased from the bid vendor, instead of paying a higher price locally.

#### Management's Response:

School Food Service Managers will be trained on proper purchasing procedures and will document any needs to deviate from the bid vendors.

#### 2023-007

Food Service had both a Procurement Review and an Administrative Review in June 2023. There were items identified that needed corrective action plans.

#### Management's Response:

Food Service had three different Directors within the last 2 years. The current FS Director is working with KDE staff to correct any review concerns and will attend trainings as available.

#### 2023-008

The District did not comply with Model Procurement. One vendor had several projects that totaled more than \$30,000, without bidding. I recommend the District bid when the total projects are going to be more than \$30,000. If the project is an emergency, the Board should declare it so.

#### Management's Response:

District will monitor vendors to ensure the Model Procurement is followed and have the board to declare emergency projects as necessary.

#### WOLFE COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

#### 20230-009

According to the Red Book, "The sponsor of the remitting (paying) activity account and the principal shall sign the Transfer Form." Transfers numbers 3, 6 and 7 did not have a sponsor signature. I recommend transfers not be made until all parties have signed.

#### Management's Response:

Bookkeeper will not complete any transfer between accounts until all forms are completed and authorized.

#### 2023-010

According to the Red Book, "Within 60 days or receipting funds, the principal designates the District Activity Fund (DAF) amount needing to be transferred out of the receipted activity fund account, to the appropriate DAF activity fund account. At the end of each month, the school treasurer will write one check to the district office for the total monies transferred into a DAF activity fund account. The check will zero out any balance that was initially transferred to the DAF activity fund account 'sweeping' your funds to the district." The school is not complying with this requirement. Receipts were only identified and transferred three times during the year.

#### Management's Response:

Receipts identified as needing to be sent to the District Activity Fund will be transferred by check to the WCBOE on a monthly basis as required.

#### WOLFE COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL

#### 2023-011

According to the Red Book, The Standard Invoice is to be signed by the vendor. One Standard Invoice had "Coach hand delivered" on the signature line. The Coach should have taken the Standard Invoice form with him/her to secure the signature. I recommend payments to individuals from the Standard Invoice form not be made until the signature is secured.

#### Management's Response:

Payments will not be made unless the required signatures are obtained on the appropriate forms.

#### 2023-012

Testing disclosed a check for Girls Basketball was taken from the Boys Basketball account. Girls Basketball needs to transfer \$1,000 to Boys Basketball for the error. I recommend the coach/sponsor reviews their reports on a regular basis for accuracy.

#### Management's Response:

Account sponsors will be reminded to review their account reports to check for any discrepancies and report them to the Bookkeeper/Principal immediately for correction.

#### 2023-013

According to the Red Book, "Within 60 days or receipting funds, the principal designates the District Activity Fund (DAF) amount needing to be transferred out of the receipted activity fund account, to the appropriate DAF activity fund account. At the end of each month, the school treasurer will write one check to the district office for the total monies transferred into a DAF activity fund account. The check will zero out any balance that was initially transferred to the DAF activity fund account 'sweeping' your funds to the district." The school is not complying with this requirement Receipts were only identified and transferred four times during the year.

#### Management's Response:

Receipts identified as needing to be sent to the District Activity Fund will be transferred by check to the WCBOE on a monthly basis as required.

#### 2023-014

Two (2) of the six (6) transfer forms did not have the amount to be transferred on them. I recommend the Principal review the transfer forms for accuracy and completeness before signing the form.

#### Management's Response:

Bookkeeper will not complete any transfer between accounts until all forms are fully completed and authorized.

#### **CAMPTON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL**

#### 2023-015

Schools are exempt from paying sales tax. Sales tax was reimbursed on check 7100 for \$11.03. The Principal should not approve reimbursement of sales tax. This same check was an advance to an employee, but no students were involved and no advance form was completed. I recommend the bookkeeper review the Red Book Procedures.

#### Management's Response:

Advance payments will not be issued to staff for activities not involving students. Any reimbursements made will not include sales tax.

#### RED RIVER VALLEY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

#### 2023-016

According to the Red Book, "All school level checks should contain the signatures of an authorized school administrator and the school treasurer." During the year there were two (2) checks with only one signature. I recommend the checks be reviewed prior to distribution for two signatures.

#### Management's Response:

Checks will be reviewed for both signatures prior to distribution.

#### 2023-017

According to the Red Book, "At; the end of each month, the school treasurer will write one check to the district office for the total monies transferred into a DAF activity fund account. The check will zero out any balance that was initially transferred to the DAF activity fund account 'sweeping' your funds to the district." The school did not issue monthly sweeps. There were only four done during the year. I recommend the Principal do monthly sweep transfers as required by the Red Book.

#### Management's Response:

Receipts identified as needing to be sent to the District Activity Fund will be transferred by check to the WCBOE on a monthly basis as required.

#### **ROGERS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL**

#### 2023-018

According to the Redbook, "The deposit slip shall note the receipt numbers in the deposit." The deposit slips do not list the receipt numbers. I recommend the bookkeeper put the receipt number on the deposit slip as required. **This is a repeat from last year 2022-019** 

#### Management's Response:

Bookkeeper will put the receipt numbers for the deposit on the deposit slip as required by the Redbook.

#### 2023-019

According to the Redbook, personal purchases for staff members is not an allowable expenditure. Staff shirts were not paid from staff generated funds. The Principal should not approved purchases for staff from school activity fund except from staff generated funds. **This is a repeat from last year 2022-21** 

#### Management's Response:

Purchases for staff will be made from staff generated funds only.

#### 2023-020

According to the Red Book, "At; the end of each month, the school treasurer will write one check to the district office for the total monies transferred into a DAF activity fund account. The check will zero out any balance that was initially transferred to the DAF activity fund account 'sweeping' your funds to the district." The school did not issue monthly sweeps. There were no sweeps during the year. I recommend the Principal do monthly sweep transfers as required by the Red Book.

#### Management's Response:

Receipts identified as needing to be sent to the District Activity Fund will be transferred by check to the WCBOE on a monthly basis as required.